Determining your investment mix.

Ten minutes from now, you could know your investment mix: And if your goal is to choose investment options that you can be comfortable with, this is an important step. The attached Investor Profile Questionnaire will help you determine what type of investor you are.

Reaching your retirement goals takes the right mix. No matter how far away you are from retirement, it makes good financial sense to set a strategy for reaching your retirement goals.

Your investment options. Your workplace savings plan offers a variety of investment options. How do you choose what is best for you? The first step to answering this question is to determine the proper investment mix—that is, how you invest your savings across the three basic investment types: stocks, bonds, and short-term investments. Neither diversification nor asset allocation ensures a profit or guarantees against loss.

Stocks. Also called equities, stocks give you a greater potential for growth. But they also come with a higher investment risk. Generally, the more years until retirement—and the longer you have to ride out short-term changes in the market—the bigger the role stocks could play in your investment mix.

Bonds. Also known as fixed-income investments, bonds are generally less risky than stocks, so they can help offset some of the investment risk stocks can create. The potential risk and return on bonds is moderate—generally lower than stocks, but higher than short-term investments. In general, bond prices rise when interest rates fall, and vice versa. This effect is usually more pronounced for longer-term securities.

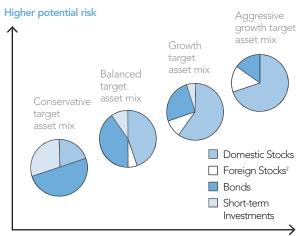
Short-term investments. Also referred to as money market or cash investments, short-term investments are considered the least risky of the three basic investment types. But they also tend to produce the lowest returns over the long run. Short-term investments often become more important as you get closer to and into retirement.¹



ACTION PLAN

- Complete the Investor Profile Questionnaire
- Add up your score to determine a mix
- Use your investment mix to guide your investment choices

Which mix is right for you?



Higher potential return

The purpose of the target asset mixes is to show how target asset mixes may be created with different risk and return characteristics to help meet a participant's goals. You should choose your own investments based on your particular objectives and situation. Remember, you may change how your account is invested. Be sure to review your decisions periodically to make sure they are still consistent with your goals. You should also consider any investments you may have outside the plan when making your investment choices.

- ¹ An investment in a money market fund is not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although money market funds seek to preserve the value of your investment at \$1 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in these funds.
- ² Foreign investments, especially those in emerging markets, involve greater risk and may offer greater potential returns than U.S. investments. This risk includes political and economic uncertainties of foreign countries, as well as the risk of currency fluctuation.

The Investor Profile Questionnaire.

This brief Investor Profile Questionnaire takes into consideration how much time you have to invest, how comfortable you are with risk, and your overall financial situation. These are all important factors to consider before deciding on a proper investment mix.

Directions for completing the Investor Profile Questionnaire:

- 1. Answer each question.
- 2. Write the point value for each of your answers in the box provided.
- 3. Add up your points.
- 4. Compare your points with the investment mixes on page 6.

<u>Planning Consideration</u>: Over time, certain investment types have outperformed others. Historically, stocks have outperformed bonds and money market instruments over long periods. So the longer you're putting money away, the more important it may be to place some of it in growth-oriented investments. Shorter-term investment periods may call for more conservative investments, which are generally less subject to fluctuation. The longer your money can sit and take advantage of market cycles, the more aggressive you may want to be with your investments. (Consider this when responding to questions 1 and 2.) Remember that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results.

1	In approximately how many years do you plan to retire?In 4 to 6 years52 pts.In 7 to 10 years69 pts.In 11 to 16 years70 pts.More than 16 years71 pts.	Points	
2	Do you expect to withdraw or borrow one-third or more of this money from your household retirement savings within seven years? (for retirement income, purchase of a new home, college tuition, etc.) No	Points	
Α.	Add points from questions 1 and 2 here	Points	

Transfer this total to Box A on page 5.

<u>Planning Consideration:</u> Under unforeseen circumstances, such as a loss of income, many people need to draw on "long-term" money for short-term needs. If you don't have an emergency fund, a conservative investment approach may be the most appropriate.

3	Do	vou have ar	emergency	fund	(savings	of at	least three	months'	after-tax	income)?
_		,			(00.190					

No, I do not have an emergency fund	
I have an emergency fund, but it is less than three months'	
after-tax income	
Yes, I have an adequate emergency fund	Points

<u>Planning Consideration</u>: The lower the portion of total assets you're investing, the more aggressive you might wish to be in this portion of your portfolio.

4 Approximately what portion of your total investable assets is in your retirement

savings plan at work? (Investable assets include your emergency fund, plan assets, bank accounts, CDs, mutual funds, annuities, cash value of life insurance, stocks, bonds, investment real estate, etc.

They do not include your principal residence or vacation home.)

They do not include your principal residence or vacation nome.)		
Less than 25%	0 pts.	
Between 25% and 50%	1 pt.	
Between 51% and 75%	2 pts.	
More than 75%	4 pts.	Points

<u>Planning Consideration</u>: If your income is likely to change, you may have more or less money to meet your expenses. For example, during a period when money is tight, you may have to dip into your long-term investments. A more conservative approach may enable you to depend on money being available.

5 Which ONE of the following describes your expected earnings over the next five years?

I want as much assurance as possible I want to maintain a balanced

<u>Planning Consideration</u>: Your comfort level with investment risk is important in determining how aggressively or conservatively you choose to invest.

6 Choose the sentence below that best reflects your feelings about investment risk. Then select the point total that corresponds with how strongly you agree with it.

that the value of my retirement savings will not go down.			savings mix with some fluctuation and growth.			as much as possible, regardless of risk or fluctuation.	
Strongly agree	Agree	Somewhat agree	Strongly agree	Agree	Somewhat agree	Agree	
12 pts.	7 pts.	5 pts.	3 pts.	2 pts.	1 pt.	0 pts.	

Points

I want my money to grow

^{*}Inflation is represented by the Consumer Price Index, which monitors the cost of living in the U.S.

the more comfortable you may be in leaving your money invested while riding out any market downturns. 7a Have you ever invested in individual bonds or a mutual fund or annuity that invests primarily in bonds? (aside from U.S. Savings Bonds) No, and I would be uncomfortable with the risk if I did 10 pts. No, but I would be comfortable with the risk if I did......4 pts. Yes, but I was uncomfortable with the risk 6 pts. **Points** 7b Have you ever invested in individual stocks or a mutual fund or annuity that invests primarily in stocks? No, and I would be uncomfortable with the risk if I did 8 pts. Yes, but I was uncomfortable with the risk 5 pts. **Points** <u>Planning Consideration</u>: You may have responsibility for ongoing family obligations. This may suggest a more conservative approach. How many dependents do you have? (include spouse, children you support, elderly parents, etc.) One......1 pt. **Points** Planning Consideration: If a large portion of your income goes toward paying debt, you are more likely to need to have cash available to handle unforeseen circumstances. Approximately what portion of your monthly take-home income goes toward paying off debt other than a home mortgage? (auto loans, credit cards, etc.) Less than 10% 0 pts.

Points

Planning Consideration: The more experience you have with these two types of investments,

<u>Planning Consideration</u>: Your comfort level with investment risk is important in determining how aggressively or conservatively you choose to invest. (Keep this in mind when responding to questions 10 and 11.)

10	retirement investment choices? I would prefer investment options that have a low degree of risk	sing your	
	associated with them (i.e., it is unlikely that my original investment will ever decline in value)		
	I prefer a mix of investment options that emphasizes those with a low degree of risk and includes a small portion of other choices that have a higher degree of risk but may yield greater returns		
	I prefer a balanced mix of investment options—some that have a low degree of risk and others that have a higher degree of risk but may yield greater returns		
	I prefer a mix of investment options—some would have a low degree of risk, but the emphasis would be on investment options that have a higher degree of risk but may yield greater returns		
	I would select only investment options that have a higher degree of risk but a greater potential for higher returns	Points	
11	If you could increase your chances of improving your returns by taking more would you Be willing to take a lot more risk with all your money?	risk,	
12	What portion of your retirement income do you expect to come from this retirement plan? Less than 20%	Points	
В.	Add points from questions 3 through 12 here	Points	
Sul	otract B from A for your total score A -B = TOTAL	. SCORE	
(Yo	ur total for Box A can be found on page 2.)		

Match your score with the corresponding target asset mix

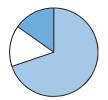
If your point total is 70 or more:

This target asset mix may be appropriate for investors who seek aggressive growth and who can tolerate wide fluctuations in market values, especially over the short term.

Aggressive growth target asset mix

70% Domestic Stocks☐ 15% Foreign Stocks

■ **15%** Bonds



If your point total is 50-69:

This target asset mix may be appropriate for investors who have a preference for growth and who can withstand significant fluctuations in market value.

Growth target asset mix

60% Domestic Stocks

☐ **10%** Foreign Stocks

25% Bonds

5% Short-term Investments



If your point total is 20-49:

This target asset mix may be appropriate for investors who want the potential for capital appreciation and some growth and who can withstand moderate fluctuations in market value.

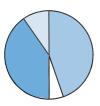
Balanced target asset mix

45% Domestic Stocks

☐ **5%** Foreign Stocks

40% Bonds

10% Short-term Investments



If your point total is less than 20 points:

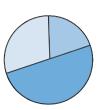
This target asset mix may be appropriate for investors who want to minimize fluctuations in market values by taking an income-oriented approach with some potential for capital appreciation.

Conservative target asset mix

20% Domestic Stocks

50% Bonds

■ 30% Short-term Investments



Scores provided by paper-based, self-scoring Investor Profile Questionnaires may differ from those provided by online services where technology can impart different capabilities.

The purpose of the target asset mixes is to show how target asset mixes may be created with different risk and return characteristics to help meet a participant's goals. You should choose your own investments based on your particular objectives and situation. Remember, you may change how your account is invested. Be sure to review your decisions periodically to make sure they are still consistent with your goals. You should also consider any investments you may have outside the plan when making your investment choices.

Remember, the target asset mix suggested by the worksheet point total is meant to offer an example of the type of target asset mix you might want to consider, based on the average person with a similar score. The final decision on a target asset mix is yours, based on your individual situation, needs, goals, and risk tolerance, which may include factors or circumstances beyond the scope of the worksheet. Furthermore, the example is based on your current assessment of these factors. If any of these factors should change, please review your investment strategy. At a minimum, you should review your allocation on an annual basis.

Keep in mind that the kind of target asset mix indicated by your total score or scores is simply a guideline for you to follow, and not a formula that guarantees results.

The investment options offered through the plan were chosen by the plan sponsor. The sample target asset mixes illustrate some of the many combinations that could be created, and should not be considered investment advice.

The decisions you make today could determine how you live in the future.

Properly used, an investment mix can help you reduce your overall investment risk and even increase your potential for better returns over time. Generally, choosing an appropriate investment mix for the long term and sticking with it is a better approach than constantly trying to stay ahead of the markets.

Putting your new investment mix to work.

If you're already in the plan—and you're comfortable with this new mix—compare it with your current investment mix, which you'll find in your latest account statement. If the two mixes are significantly different, you may want to phase in any changes over time to help reduce the impact of sudden shifts in the financial market.

If you're not yet in the plan, simply use your investment mix to guide your initial investment choices.

Fidelity Paper-based, Self-scoring Investor Profile Questionnaire Summary

There are three major components that make up your Investor Profile Questionnaire (IPQ) score: 1) Time Horizon; 2) Financial Tolerance; and 3) Risk Tolerance. Each of these components is made up of the following factors:

1) Time Horizon

- Number of years prior to retirement
- Chance of early withdrawal from your retirement account

2) Financial Tolerance

- Amount in your emergency fund
- Overall financial situation
- Current asset allocation

3) Risk Tolerance

- Investment knowledge and investment experience/years in the market
- Level of risk tolerance
- "Bail out" likelihood, or in other words your tendency to want to sell your investment if the market takes a downturn

Of these components, your IPQ score is most dependent upon Time Horizon, specifically, the number of years prior to retirement. Financial Tolerance and Risk Tolerance together compile the remainder of the score. Overall, your IPQ score is obtained using the following equation:

 ${\sf IPQ\ Score\ =\ Time\ Horizon\ Score\ -\ Financial\ Tolerance\ Score\ -\ Risk\ Tolerance\ Score}$

The Fidelity Target Asset Mixes

Fidelity has created four target asset mixes based on historical risk and return characteristics for stock, bond, and short-term investment asset classes. They represent four significantly different allocations reflecting distinct investor profiles with varying investment objectives, risk tolerances, and investment styles ranging from conservative to aggressive.

Asset Class Target Asset Mix	Domestic Stock	Foreign Stock	Bonds	Short-term Investments
Conservative	20%	0%	50%	30%
Balanced	45%	5%	40%	10%
Growth	60%	10%	25%	5%
Aggressive Growth	70%	15%	15%	0%

When you select a target asset mix, keep in mind that different asset classes tend to offer different balances of risk and reward. Generally, the greater the potential for long-term returns, the greater the risk of volatility, especially over the short term. In order to help minimize the risk you assume in seeking high returns, it is critical that your portfolio provide an appropriate mix of investments. A more aggressive portfolio (one with a higher stock allocation) could represent higher risk, especially in the short-term, but could represent higher potential long-term returns. Conversely, a less aggressive portfolio (one with a lower allocation to stock and therefore a higher allocation to bonds or short-term investments) could represent less short-term risk, but potentially lower long-term returns. You should take into consideration any unique circumstances or needs for funds that might apply to your situation when deciding on an appropriate investment strategy.

While past performance does not guarantee future results, history has indicated that diversifying your assets among different asset classes, industries, and countries can potentially improve the long-term performance of your portfolio. However, it is important to keep in mind that certain asset types involve greater risk than others. For example, foreign investments involve greater risk than U.S. investments. Diversifying your investments across asset classes, industry sectors, and internationally may help minimize your overall exposure to sudden market swings that may cause sudden changes in the price of investments. However, this does not ensure a profit or guarantee against loss.

The target asset mixes presented in this publication were developed by Strategic Advisers, Inc., a registered investment adviser and a Fidelity Investments company, based on the needs of a typical retirement plan participant.

HERE'S HELP

For information about your plan's investment options, support for your investment decisions, or to enroll:

- Visit Fidelity NetBenefits®
- Call your plan's toll-free number

Before investing in any investment option, please carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and other information, call or write Fidelity for a free prospectus. Read it carefully before you invest.



Fidelity Investments Institutional Services Company, Inc.

82 Devonshire Street, Boston, MA 02109

1.818128.101